

## TEMPORARY TIE OFF MASTIC 5 US GAL

Version 3.  
REVISION DATE: 04/25/2011

Print Date 07/13/2011

### SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name : TEMPORARY TIE OFF MASTIC 5 US GAL  
 Product code : 182520 805

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated  
 3735 Green Road  
 Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST  
 Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST  
 After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

### SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### Emergency Overview

Black. Semi-Solid. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

#### Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation : May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system.

Eyes : Direct contact may cause moderate irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation. May cause itching, reddening, inflammation. May cause a rash. May cause sensitization.

#### Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with asphalt may result in skin sensitivity, such as irritation, rashes, and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other volatiles which are contained in trace amounts in asphalt have been shown to cause cancer or respiratory damage in animals. Carbon black is classified by IARC to be a known animal carcinogen and a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B). Inhalation of crystalline silica (quartz) can cause cancer based on animal data, and IARC concludes sufficient evidence in humans (Group 1). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to free crystalline silica dust above the TLV level may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury, silicosis may result from breathing free silica. Prolonged or repeated exposure to mineral spirits (petroleum naphtha or stoddard solvent) may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, and adverse liver, kidney, and lung effects.

**Target Organs:** Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve

### SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Asphalt	8052-42-4	40.0 - 70.0
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	15.0 - 40.0



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Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	10.0 - 30.0
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7	5.0 - 10.0
Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7	5.0 - 10.0
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P	3.0 - 7.0
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	1.0 - 5.0
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 1.0
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1.0

**SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

- Inhalation : Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
- Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

**SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

- Flash point : 47 °C, 117 °F
- Method : Setaflash Closed Cup
- Burning rate : Non-flammable solid
- Lower explosion limit : 0.7 %(V) Solvent
- Upper explosion limit : 6 %(V) Solvent
- Autoignition temperature : Not available.
- Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
- Hazardous combustion products : Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Oxides of sulfur can form.
- Protective equipment for firefighters : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
- Fire and explosion conditions : Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

**SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

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### SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Do not use in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Store under dry warehouse conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

### SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### Personal protection equipment

- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.
- Skin and body protection : Prevent contact with shoes and clothing.
- Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace equipment at regular intervals.
- Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

#### Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	Form
Asphalt	8052-42-4	ACGIH TWA: benzene solubles	0.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Inhalable fraction.as
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	OSHA PEL: OSHA PEL: ACGIH TWA: ACGIH TWA: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 3 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Respirable particles. Inhalable particles. Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 2,900 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7	OSHA PEL: ACGIH TWA:	5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Mist. Inhalable fraction.



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<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Regulation</u>	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	

**SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Semi-Solid  
 Color : Black  
 Odor : Petroleum  
 pH : Not available.  
 Vapour pressure : Not available.  
 Vapor density : Heavier than air  
 Melting point/range : Not available.  
 Freezing point : Not available.  
 Boiling point/range : Not available.  
 Water solubility : Negligible  
 Specific Gravity : 1.14  
 % Volatile Weight : 14 %

**SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents.  
 Stability : Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.  
 Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur under normal conditions.

**SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Calcium carbonate, CAS-No.: 471-34-1  
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 6,450 mg/kg ( Rat )

**SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

**SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)  
 This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

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Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

**SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA****TDG / DOT Shipping Description:**

NOT REGULATED

**SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION****North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:**

SARA 313 Components : None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard  
Chronic Health Hazard  
Fire Hazard

## OSHA Hazardous Components :

Asphalt	8052-42-4
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant  
hazardous based on the Carcinogen  
following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : II

Regulatory VOC (less water and exempt solvent) : 158 g/l

VOC Method 310 : 13 %

Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen:

Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

**U.S. State Regulations:**

MASS RTK Components	: Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3



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	Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
	Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
	Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
	Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7
	Nickel	7440-02-0
Penn RTK Components :	Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
	Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
	Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
	Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7
	Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
	Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
NJ RTK Components :	Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
	Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
	Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
	Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7
	Carbon Black	1333-86-4
	Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm

**SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

**HMIS Rating :**

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	1
PPE	

0 = Minimum  
1 = Slight  
2 = Moderate  
3 = Serious  
4 = Severe

**Further information:**

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

**Prepared by: Rich Mikol**

**Legend**

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists  
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act  
DOT - Department of Transportation  
DSL - Domestic Substance List  
EPA - Environmental Protection Agency  
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System  
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer  
MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration  
NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit  
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act  
RTK - Right To Know  
SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act  
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit  
TLV - Threshold Limit Value  
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act  
TWA - Time Weighted Average  
V - Volume



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NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System