

ECOMASTIC 5 US GL

Version 3.
REVISION DATE: 04/25/2011

Print Date 07/13/2011

SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION

Trade name : ECOMASTIC 5 US GL
Product code : 360570 805

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated
3735 Green Road
Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST
Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST
After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Emergency Overview

Black. Semi-Solid. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.

Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation : May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system.

Eyes : Direct contact may cause moderate irritation. Direct contact may cause temporary redness and discomfort.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.

Skin : May cause moderate irritation. May cause itching, reddening, inflammation. May cause a rash. May cause sensitization.

Aggravated Medical Conditions

Pre-existing eye, skin, liver, kidney, and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated skin contact with asphalt may result in skin sensitivity, such as irritation, rashes, and dermatitis. Prolonged or repeated exposure to polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons and other volatiles which are contained in trace amounts in asphalt have been shown to cause cancer or respiratory damage in animals. Carbon black is classified by IARC to be a known animal carcinogen and a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B). Inhalation of crystalline silica (quartz) can cause cancer based on animal data, and IARC concludes sufficient evidence in humans (Group 1). Prolonged and repeated overexposure to free crystalline silica dust above the TLV level may cause scarring of the lungs with cough and shortness of breath. A delayed lung injury, silicosis may result from breathing free silica. Prolonged or repeated exposure to mineral spirits (petroleum naphtha or stoddard solvent) may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, and adverse liver, kidney, and lung effects.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Lung, Liver, Kidney, Nerve

SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Asphalt	8052-42-4	40.0 - 70.0
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	15.0 - 40.0

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Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	10.0 - 30.0
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7	5.0 - 10.0
Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7	5.0 - 10.0
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P	3.0 - 7.0
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	1.0 - 5.0
Carbon Black	1333-86-4	0.1 - 1.0
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	0.1 - 1.0
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7	0.1 - 1.0

SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation	:	Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention.
Eye contact	:	Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical attention immediately.
Skin contact	:	Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	:	Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control Center or Physician immediately.

SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point	:	47 °C, 117 °F
Method	:	Setaflash Closed Cup
Burning rate	:	Non-flammable solid
Lower explosion limit	:	0.7 %(V) Solvent
Upper explosion limit	:	6 %(V) Solvent
Autoignition temperature	:	Not available.
Extinguishing media	:	If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.
Hazardous combustion products	:	Smoke, fumes. Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Oxides of sulfur can form.
Protective equipment for firefighters	:	Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).
Fire and explosion conditions	:	Product may ignite if heated in excess of its flash point. Vapors may travel to sources of ignition and flashback. Vapor concentrations in enclosed areas may ignite explosively. Empty containers may contain ignitable vapors.

SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Remove sources of ignition immediately. Stop flow of material if safe to do so. Contain spill and keep out of water courses. Ventilate area.

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SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion, and contact with skin eyes and clothing. Keep container closed when not in use. Precautions also apply to emptied containers. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Do not use in confined or poorly ventilated areas. Personal protective equipment must be worn during maintenance or repair of contaminated mixer, reactor, or other equipment. Store under dry warehouse conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Personal protection equipment

- Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's directions for respirator use.
- Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to reduce exposure.
- Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Wear chemical safety goggles and/or face shield to prevent eye contact. Do not wear contact lenses. Do not touch eyes with contaminated body parts or materials. Have eye washing facilities readily available.
- Skin and body protection : Prevent contact with shoes and clothing.
- Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use. Inspect and replace equipment at regular intervals.
- Engineering measures : Use only in well ventilated areas. Provide maximum ventilation in enclosed areas. Use local exhaust when the general ventilation is inadequate.

Exposure Limits

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	Limit	Form
Asphalt	8052-42-4	ACGIH TWA: benzene solubles	0.5 mg/m ³	Inhalable fraction.as
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3	OSHA PEL: OSHA PEL: ACGIH TWA: ACGIH TWA: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m ³ 15 mg/m ³ 3 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ 15 mg/m ³ 5 mg/m ³	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Respirable particles. Inhalable particles. Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 2,900 mg/m ³	
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7	OSHA PEL: ACGIH TWA:	5 mg/m ³ 5 mg/m ³	Mist. Inhalable fraction.



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<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Regulation</u>	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL: OSHA PEL: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	10 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction. Total dust. Total dust. Respirable fraction.

SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Form : Semi-Solid
 Color : Black
 Odor : Petroleum
 pH : Not available.
 Vapour pressure : Not available.
 Vapor density : Heavier than air
 Melting point/range : Not available.
 Freezing point : Not available.
 Boiling point/range : Not available.
 Water solubility : Negligible
 Specific Gravity : 1.14
 % Volatile Weight : 14 %

SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY

Substances to avoid : Oxidizing agents.
 Stability : Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.
 Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur under normal conditions.

SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Calcium carbonate, CAS-No.: 471-34-1
 Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 6,450 mg/kg (Rat)

SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

No Data Available

SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

RCRA Class : D001: Reportable Quantity = 100 lbs. (Characteristic of ignitability)
 This classification applies only to the material as it was originally produced.

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Disposal Method : Subject to hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal requirements under RCRA. Recycle or incinerate waste at EPA approved facility or dispose of in compliance with federal, state and local regulations.

SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA**TDG / DOT Shipping Description:**

NOT REGULATED

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION**North American Inventories:**

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

U.S. Federal Regulations:

SARA 313 Components : None present or none present in regulated quantities.

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard
Chronic Health Hazard
Fire Hazard

OSHA Hazardous Components :

Asphalt	8052-42-4
Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7
Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

OSHA Status: Considered : Irritant
hazardous based on the Carcinogen
following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : II

Regulatory VOC (less water and : 158 g/l
exempt solvent)

VOC Method 310 : 13 %

Chemical is listed as an IARC, NTP, OSHA, or ACGIH Carcinogen:

Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
Carbon Black	1333-86-4
Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

U.S. State Regulations:

MASS RTK Components	: Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3



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	Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
	Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
	Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7
	Nickel	7440-02-0
Penn RTK Components :	Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
	Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
	Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
	Magnesium aluminum silicate	12174-11-7
	Inert Filler	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5013P
	Calcium carbonate	471-34-1
NJ RTK Components :	Asphalt	8052-42-4
	Calcium Carbonate (Limestone)	1317-65-3
	Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3
	Paraffinic distillate	64742-04-7
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	Carbon Black	1333-86-4
	Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand	14808-60-7

Components under California Proposition 65:

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm

SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION

HMIS Rating :

Health	2
Flammability	2
Reactivity	1
PPE	

0 = Minimum
1 = Slight
2 = Moderate
3 = Serious
4 = Severe

Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

Prepared by: Rich Mikol

Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists
CERCLA - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act
DOT - Department of Transportation
DSL - Domestic Substance List
EPA - Environmental Protection Agency
HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System
IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer
MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration
NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit
RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act
RTK - Right To Know
SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act
STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit
TLV - Threshold Limit Value
TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act
TWA - Time Weighted Average
V - Volume



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NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System