

Version 1.2 Print Date 10/12/2009

REVISION DATE: 05/18/2007

## **SECTION 1 - PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION**

Trade name : TREMLITE SEAM SEALER WHITE 5 GAL

Product code : 346600 805

COMPANY : Tremco Incorporated

3735 Green Road Cleveland, OH 44122

Telephone : (216) 292-5000 8:30 - 5:00 EST Emergency Phone: : (216) 765-6727 8:30 - 5:00 EST

After Hours: Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

Product use : Sealant

## **SECTION 2 - HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

### **Emergency Overview**

White. Non-sag gunnable paste. May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatigue. May cause allergic respiratory sensitization. Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get medical attention. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel.

## Acute Potential Health Effects/ Routes of Entry

Inhalation : May cause slight irritation to the respiratory system. May cause nausea, headaches, and

dizziness. May cause drowsiness, weakness, and fatique. May cause allergic respiratory

sensitization.

Eyes : Direct contact may cause mild irritation.

Ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and vomiting.
Skin : May cause sensitization resulting in irritation, itching and redness.

#### **Aggravated Medical Conditions**

Pre-existing eye, skin and respiratory disorders may be aggravated by exposure.

#### **Chronic Health Effects**

Overexposure may cause dermatitis, asthma, skin and respiratory sensitization and decreased lung function. Prolonged or repeated exposure to xylene may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, heart muscle sensitization and arrhythmia, hearing loss, and brain, liver, kidney damage. Xylene overexposure may affect fetal development. Di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, (dioctyl phthalate) given in the diet, produced increased incidence of liver cancers in female rats and male and female mice. An increased incidence of liver cancers or neoplasms were observed in male rats. The International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) has evaluated ethylbenzene and classified it as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on sufficient evidence for carcinogenicity in experimental animals, but inadequate evidence for cancer in exposed humans. Fillers are encapsulated and not expected to be released from product under normal conditions of use. Prolonged or repeated exposure to mineral spirits (petroleum naphtha or stoddard solvent) may cause defatting, drying, and irritation of the skin, dermatitis, central nervous system (CNS) effects, and adverse liver, kidney, and lung effects.

Target Organs: Skin, Eye, Ingestion, Lung





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## **SECTION 3 - PRODUCT COMPOSITION**

Chemical Name	CAS-No.	Weight %
Polyurethane Polymer	NJ TSRN# 51721300-5358P	15.0 - 40.0
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	15.0 - 40.0
Polyvinyl chloride	9002-86-2	15.0 - 40.0
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	68515-44-6	5.0 - 10.0
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	68515-45-7	5.0 - 10.0
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid	111381-89-6	5.0 - 10.0
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)	8052-41-3	3.0 - 7.0
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	1.0 - 5.0
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	1.0 - 5.0
Xylene	1330-20-7	1.0 - 5.0
Diisodecyl phthalate	26761-40-0	1.0 - 5.0
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	- <1.0
Isophorone Diisocyanate	4098-71-9	- <1.0
Dioctyl phthalate	117-81-7	- <1.0

## **SECTION 4 - FIRST AID MEASURES**

Get immediate medical attention for any significant overexposure.

Inhalation : Leave area to breathe fresh air. Avoid further overexposure. If symptoms persist, get

medical attention. Move to fresh air. If required, artificial respiration or administration

of oxygen can be performed by trained personnel.

Eye contact : Flush with water for at least 15 minutes while holding eye lids apart. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : Clean area of contact thoroughly using soap and water. If irritation, rash or other

disorders develop, get medical attention immediately.

Ingestion : Do not induce vomiting unless advised by a physician. Call nearest Poison Control

Center or Physician immediately.

# **SECTION 5 - FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

Flash point : 41 °C, 106 °F
Method : Not available.
Lower explosion limit : Not available.
Upper explosion limit : Not available.
Autoignition temperature : Not available.

Extinguishing media : If water fog is ineffective, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical or foam.

Hazardous combustion : Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide can form. Hydrocyanic acid and

products nitrogen oxides can form.

Protective equipment for : Use accepted fire fighting techniques. Wear full firefighting protective

clothing, including self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA).

firefighters



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### **SECTION 6 - ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

Use appropriate protective equipment. Avoid contact with material. Scrape up and transfer to appropriate container for disposal.

### **SECTION 7 - HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Prevent inhalation of vapor, ingestion and contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Preferably use entire contents in one continuous work session. Do not smoke, weld, generate sparks, or use flame near container. Change soiled work clothes frequently. Clean hands thoroughly after handling Do not store or use near food. Keep container closed when not in use. Since emptied containers retain product residue and vapor, observe precautions even after container is emptied. Store under dry warehouse conditions away from heat and all ignition sources.

### **SECTION 8 - EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate, properly fitted NIOSH/MSHA approved organic vapor or

supplied air respirator when airborne contaminant level(s) are expected to exceed exposure limits indicated on the MSDS. Follow manufacturer's

directions for respirator use.

Hand protection : Use suitable impervious nitrile or neoprene gloves and protective apparel to

reduce exposure.

Eye protection : Wear appropriate eye protection. Use safety glasses if eye contact is likely.

Skin and body protection : Use disposable or impervious clothing if work clothing contamination is likely.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Protective measures : Use professional judgment in the selection, care, and use.

Engineering measures : Use general ventilation and/ or local exhaust to reduce the airborne

contaminant concentration below the exposure limit listed in the MSDS

## **Exposure Limits**

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Calcium carbonate	471-34-1	OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.
Stoddard solvent (Mineral	8052-41-3	ACGIH TWA:	100 ppm	
Spirits)		OSHA PEL:	2,900 mg/m3	
Titanium dioxide	13463-67-7	ACGIH TWA:	10 mg/m3	
		OSHA PEL:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	15 mg/m3	Total dust.
		OSHA TWA:	5 mg/m3	Respirable fraction.





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Chemical Name	CAS Number	Regulation	<u>Limit</u>	<u>Form</u>
Calcium oxide	1305-78-8	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL: OSHA TWA: OSHA TWA:	2 mg/m3 5 mg/m3 15 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	Total dust. Respirable fraction.
Xylene	1330-20-7	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 150 ppm 435 mg/m3	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	ACGIH TWA: ACGIH STEL: OSHA PEL:	100 ppm 125 ppm 435 mg/m3	
Isophorone Diisocyanate	4098-71-9	ACGIH TWA:	0.005 ppm	
Dioctyl phthalate	117-81-7	ACGIH TWA: OSHA PEL:	5 mg/m3 5 mg/m3	

## **SECTION 9 - PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

Form : Non-sag gunnable paste

Color : White

Odor : PetroleumSolvent

pH : Not available.

Vapour pressure : Not available.

Vapor density : Heavier than air

Melting point/range : Not available.

Freezing point : Not available.

Boiling point/range : Not available.

Water solubility : Insoluble

Specific Gravity : 1.288

% Volatile Weight : 7 %

## **SECTION 10 - REACTIVITY / STABILITY**

Substances to avoid : Amines.Water or moisture and oxidizing agents.Alcohols.Strong

acids. Strong bases.

Stability : Material is stable under normal storage, handling, and use.

Hazardous polymerization : Will not occur.

## **SECTION 11 - TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Calcium carbonate, CAS-No.: 471-34-1

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 6,450 mg/kg (Rat)

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Xylene, CAS-No.: 1330-20-7

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 4,300 mg/kg (Rat ) 1,590 mg/kg (Mouse ) 6,670 mg/kg (

Rat ) 3,523 - 8,600 mg/kg (Rat ) 5,627 mg/kg (Mouse ) 6,350 mg/l for 4 h (Rat ) 3,907 mg/l for 6 h (Mouse ) 8,000

mg/l for 4 h (Rat)

Ethylbenzene, CAS-No.: 100-41-4

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50)

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 5,460 mg/kg (Rat) 3,500 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 17,800 mg/kg (Rabbit)

Isophorone Diisocyanate, CAS-No.: 4098-71-9

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 1,000 mg/kg (Rat ) 2,500 mg/kg (Mouse ) 2,500 mg/kg (

Mouse ) 1,000 mg/kg (Rat)

Acute inhalation toxicity (LC-50) 0.033 mg/l (Rat ) 0.123 mg/l (Rat ) 0.033 mg/l for 4 h (Rat

) 0.123 mg/l for 4 h (Rat)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 1,060 mg/kg (Rat) 1,060 mg/kg (Rat)

Dioctyl phthalate, CAS-No.: 117-81-7

Acute oral toxicity (LD-50 oral) 25,000 mg/kg (Rat ) 30,000 mg/kg (Mouse ) 33,900 mg/kg

(Rabbit) 26,300 mg/kg (Guinea pig)

Acute dermal toxicity (LD-50 dermal) 10,000 mg/kg (Guinea pig ) 25,000 mg/kg (Rabbit )

## **SECTION 12 - ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

No Data Available

### SECTION 13 - DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Method : Waste not regulated under RCRA. Incinerate at EPA approved facility or dispose of

waste in compliance with state and local regulations.

## **SECTION 14 - TRANSPORTATION / SHIPPING DATA**

#### TDG / DOT Shipping Description:

**NOT REGULATED** 

### SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### North American Inventories:

All components are listed or exempt from the TSCA inventory.

This product or its components are listed on, or exempt from the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

**U.S. Federal Regulations:** 

SARA 313 Components : Xylene 1330-20-7

Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7

SARA 311/312 Hazards : Acute Health Hazard

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**OSHA Hazardous Components:** 

Calcium carbonate 471-34-1 Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 Calcium oxide 1305-78-8 **Xvlene** 1330-20-7 Ethylbenzene 100-41-4 Isophorone Diisocyanate 4098-71-9 Dioctyl phthalate 117-81-7

OSHA Status: Considered

hazardous based on the

following criteria:

OSHA Flammability : Not Regulated

Regulatory VOC (less water and

exempt solvent)

: 94 g/l

: Irritant

VOC Method 310 : 7 %

**U.S. State Regulations:** 

MASS RTK Components : Calcium carbonate 471-34-1

Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits)

Titanium dioxide

Calcium oxide

Xylene

1330-20-7

Isophorone Diisocyanate

8052-41-3
13463-67-7
1305-78-8
1330-20-7
4098-71-9

Penn RTK Components : Polyurethane Polymer NJ TSRN# 51721300-5358P

Calcium carbonate 471-34-1 Polyvinyl chloride 9002-86-2 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 68515-44-6 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 68515-45-7 1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 111381-89-6 Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3 Titanium dioxide 13463-67-7 Calcium oxide 1305-78-8 1330-20-7

Xylene 1330-20-7 Diisodecyl phthalate 26761-40-0

NJ RTK Components : Polyurethane Polymer NJ TSRN# 51721300-5358P

Calcium carbonate 471-34-1
Polyvinyl chloride 9002-86-2
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 68515-45-7
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 68515-44-6
1,2-Benzenedicarboxylic acid 111381-89-6
Stoddard solvent (Mineral Spirits) 8052-41-3
Xylene 1330-20-7

WARNING! Contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects and/or other reproductive harm:

100-41-4 Ethylbenzene 117-81-7 Dioctyl phthalate

14808-60-7 Crystalline Silica (Quartz)/ Silica Sand

108-88-3 Toluene

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# **SECTION 16 - OTHER INFORMATION**

## **HMIS Rating:**

Health	2	0 = Minimum
Flammability	2	1 = Slight
Reactivity	0	2 = Moderate
PPE		3 = Serious
		4 = Severe

### Further information:

For Industrial Use Only. Keep out of Reach of Children. The hazard information herein is offered solely for the consideration of the user, subject to their own investigation of compliance with applicable regulations, including the safe use of the product under every foreseeable condition.

### Prepared by: Rich Mikol

#### Legend

ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Hygienists

 ${\sf CERCLA}$  - Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability  ${\sf Act}$ 

DOT - Department of Transportation

DSL - Domestic Substance List

EPA - Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS - Hazardous Materials Information System

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer

MSHA - Mine Safety Health Administration

NDSL - Non-Domestic Substance List

NIOSH - National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

NTP - National Toxicology Program

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PEL - Permissible Exposure Limit

RCRA - Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RTK - Right To Know

SARA - Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL - Short Term Exposure Limit

TLV - Threshold Limit Value

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act

TWA - Time Weighted Average

V - Volume

VOC - Volatile Organic Compound

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information

System

